


# Advanced Stability Analysis for Magnetized Target Fusion

Topic Area:  
Modeling and  
simulation

Partner	Company
	<b>generalfusion</b>
Chang Liu, Dylan Brennan	Matt Miles, Aaron Froese

## Project Summary:

Computational stability analyses were applied to GF's Magnetized Target Fusion (MTF) concept. Pressure-driven interchange modes were investigated using M3D-C1 code developed at PPPL. The effect of plasma rotation on stability was studied using RDCON and NIMROD.

## Fusion Impact:

These results showed that maintaining plasma stability during compression is possible. We developed code that helps General Fusion design stable plasma equilibria for MTF devices.

## Business/Market Impact:

Stability analysis of magnetized plasma was extended to MTF. The collaborative relationship between GF and PPPL was strengthened.

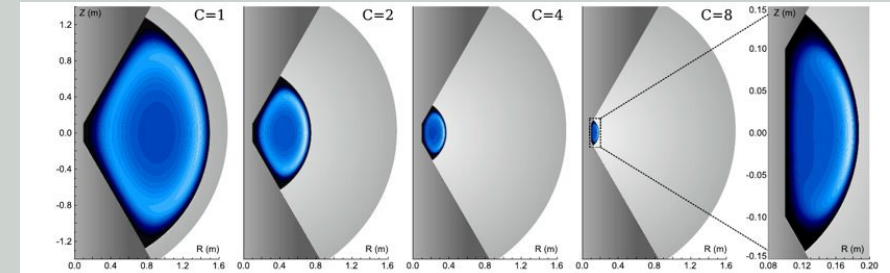


Figure 1. CORSICA equilibria showing compression of plasma by converging liquid metal flow. Contours indicate normalized parallel current density,  $J_{||}/B$ . The liquid metal is light gray and solid metal is dark gray.

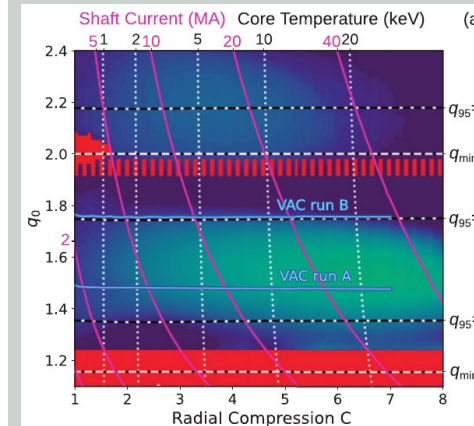


Figure 2. Stability results from RDCON showing  $n=1$  modes in an MTF prototype-sized device. Regions of ideal instability are shown in red, resistive instability in green/yellow, and stability in dark blue.

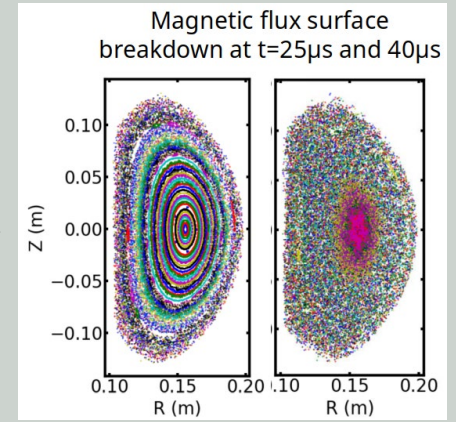


Figure 3. Poincare plot of magnetic fields at  $t = 25 \mu s$  and  $t = 40 \mu s$  in M3D-C1 simulation. At  $25 \mu s$ , linear growth of  $n=3$  and  $n=4$  has caused disruption of the outer flux surfaces. At  $40 \mu s$ , the entire domain has become stochastic.

Period of Performance:	Federal Share:	Cost Share:
2021/08 - 2022/11	\$160,000	\$75,000